

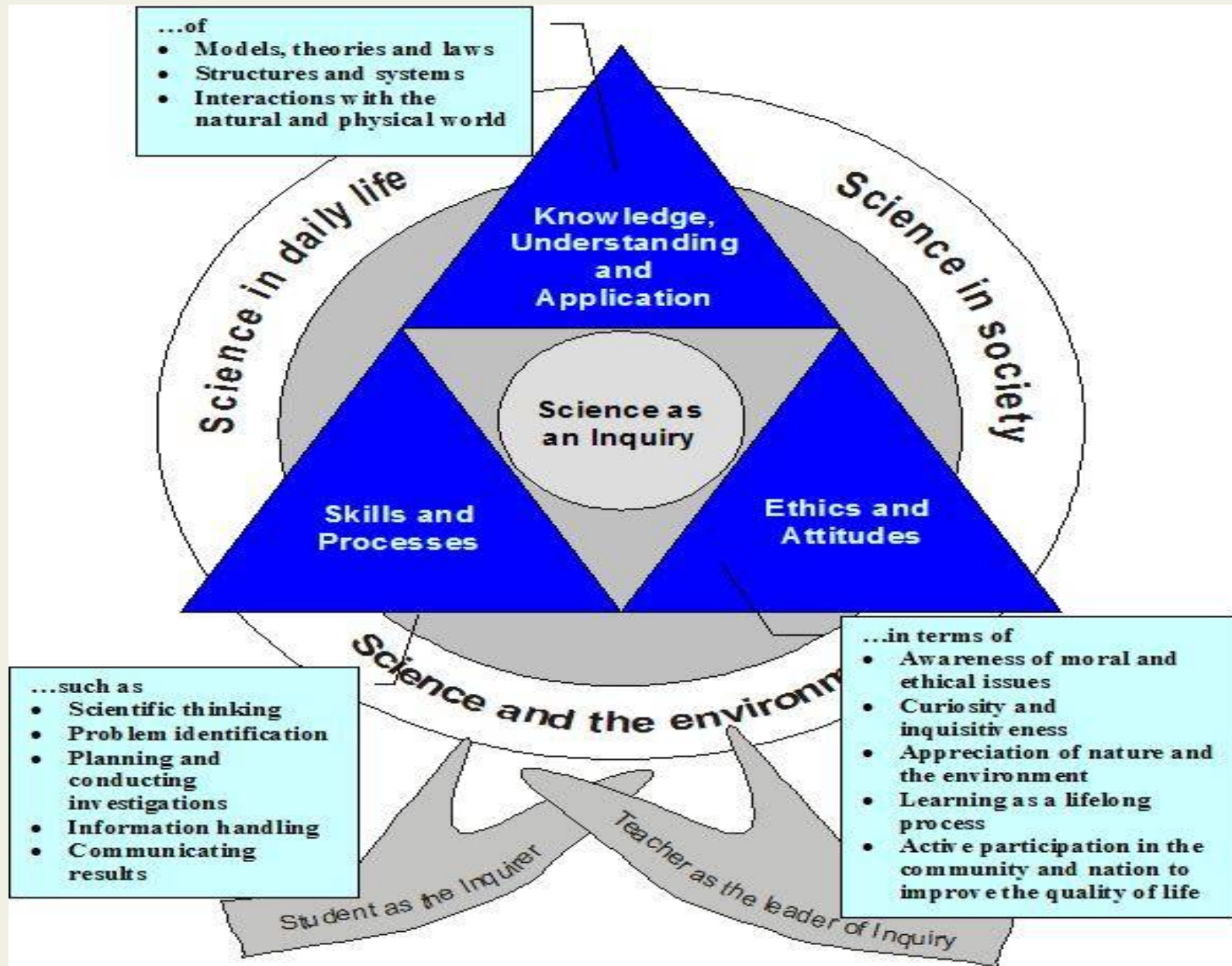
Curriculum Briefing

Primary 6 Science

10 Jan 2025

By Mrs Claire Tay
HOD, Science

Primary Science Framework



21st Century Competencies Framework



Primary Science Syllabus

It aims to :

- provide students with experiences which build on their interest in and stimulate their curiosity about their environment
- provide students with basic scientific terms and concepts to help them understand themselves and the world around them
- provide students with opportunities to develop skills, habits of mind and attitudes necessary for scientific inquiry
- prepare students towards using scientific knowledge and methods in making personal decisions
- help students appreciate how science influences people and the environment

P6 Science

Science as an Inquiry

1. Question - Learner engages in scientific questions
2. Evidence - Learner collects data in response to questions
3. Explanation - Learner formulates explanations from evidence
4. Connection - Learner connects explanations to scientific knowledge
5. Communication - Learner communicates and justifies explanations

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What is central to **science inquiry**?

Helping students use **evidence** to create **explanations** for natural phenomena.

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SCIENTIFIC ARGUMENTATION

How do you know that?
(Data in graphical,
tabular or pictorial form)

CLAIM + EVIDENCE + REASONING = EXPLANATION

What do you know?
(The answer to the question)

Why does your evidence
support your claim?

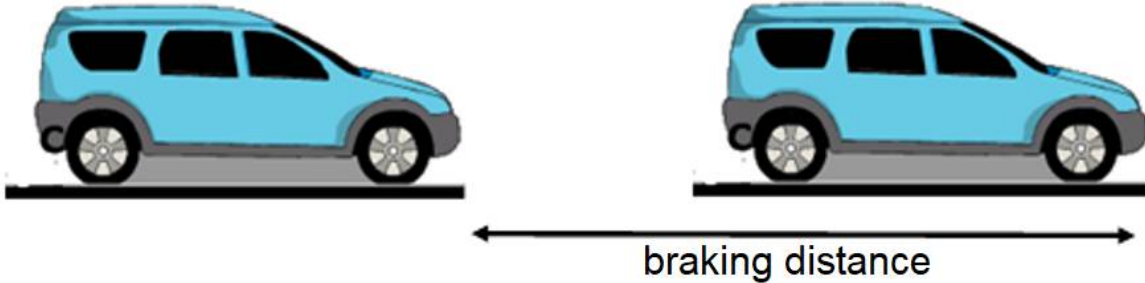
(Connects evidence to claim
which involves the **use of a
scientific concept** to describe
why the evidence support the claim)

P6 Science (feature in topical worksheet)

6. The diagram and table below show the braking distance of a car.

position of car when
brakes are applied

position of car
when it stops



type of road surface	braking distance (m)	
	car A (with new tyres)	car B (with old and worn out tyres)
concrete	14	18

(a) Explain why there is a great difference between the braking distance of the two cars. [1]

Please check (✓) in the box to make sure that your answer contains a claim, evidence and reasoning.

- CLAIM
- EVIDENCE
- REASONING

The thought box after each part question is meant for the pupils to make their thinking visible by organising and sequence random thoughts that the pupils pen down before they craft their responses as well as guiding the pupils to use CER to frame sound scientific explanations.

Themes and Units taught at P6

Themes	Lower Block (P3 & 4)	Upper Block (P5 & 6)
Diversity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diversity of living and non-living things • Diversity of materials 	
Cycles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cycles of Plants and Animals (Life Cycles) • Cycles in matter and water (Matter) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cycles in plants and animals (Reproduction) • Cycles in matter and water (Water)
Systems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plant system (Plant parts and functions) • Human system (Digestive system) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plant transport system • Human system (Respiratory and circulatory systems) • Cell system • Electrical system
Interactions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interaction of forces (magnets) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interaction of forces (Frictional, gravitational forces, force in springs) • Interaction within the environment (food chain /web, Adaptation, Man's impact & environment)
Energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Energy forms and uses (light and heat) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Energy forms and uses (photosynthesis) • Energy conversion

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Attitude Coverage

- 1) Curiosity
- 2) Creativity
- 3) Integrity
- 4) Objectivity
- 5) Open-mindedness
- 6) Perseverance
- 7) Responsibility

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Skills and Processes at P6 level

Skills

- Observing
- Comparing
- Classifying
- Using apparatus and equipment
- Communicating
- Inferring
- Predicting
- Analysing
- Generating possibilities
- Formulating hypothesis

Skills and Processes

Processes

- Creative Problem Solving
- Decision Making
- Investigation

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Components of Lessons

1. Theory - Concept teaching
2. Hands-on : Practical Sessions in the science laboratory
3. Topical notes
4. Topical Supplementary Worksheets :
Worksheet 1 : Misconception
Worksheet 2 : MCQ
Worksheet 3 : Open-ended
5. Learning Log: Topical reflections by pupil for each unit (last reflection : concept map)
6. Learning Log: Pupil's self-evaluation of their own learning(checklist)

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Written Assignments

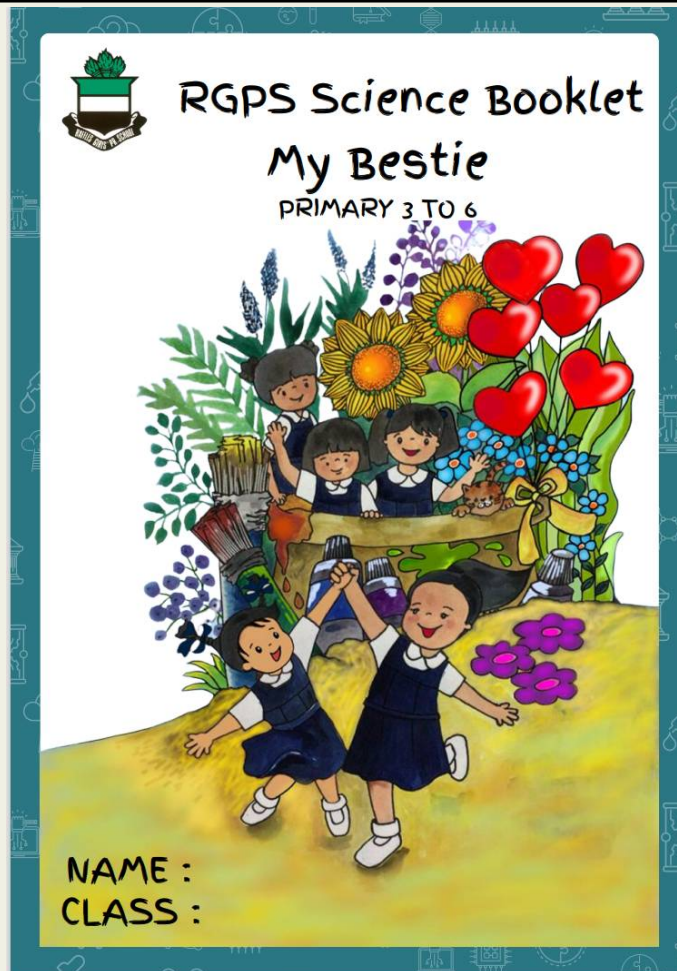
- 1) Science Activity book (Energy & Interaction)
- 2) Topical unit Supplementary Worksheets
- 3) Topical Reflection (on Learning Log)

NOTE : Worksheets will be returned for parents' checking and signature upon completion of each topic.

To be filed
in the
Science File

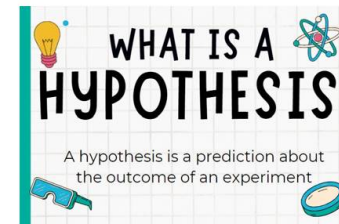
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RGPS Student Science Resource Book



3) The Scientific Method

Hypothesis:



What is a variable?

A variable is a thing or factor or condition you can modify and measure.

TYPES OF VARIABLES

Independent/Changed (IV)

The only thing that you change in an experiment



Dependent/Measured (DV)

The thing that you measure or observe in an experiment



Constant/Controlled (CV)

The things that remain the same in an experiment



'Science is a way of thinking, not just a body of knowledge.' ~ Carl Sagan

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Enrichment

- Learning Journey @ Science Centre Singapore (Term 3)



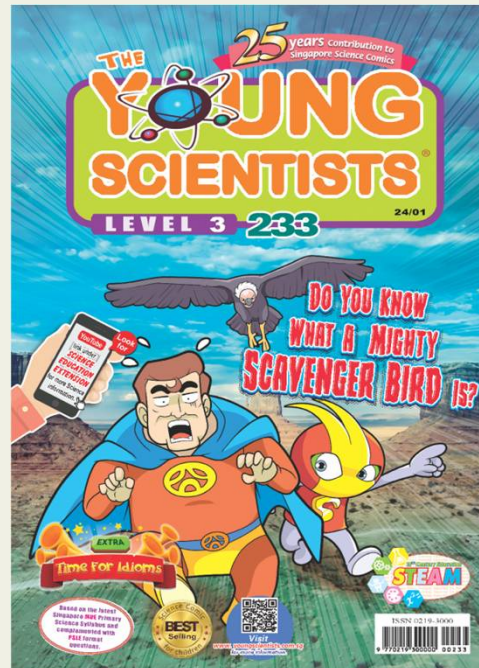
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Enrichment

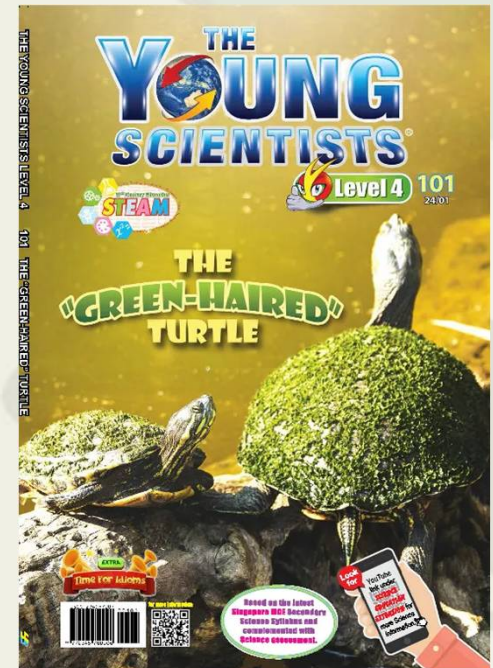
Science Supplementary Reading Material (Optional):

The Young Scientists (Level 3/4)

Online Subscription:



Recommended for P6



Recommended for P6 & Sec 1

<https://youngscientistsreader.com.sg/product-category/subscriptions/>

ASSESSMENT MODES

- **FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT**

(includes open resource assessment for identified topics)

- **SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT**



ASSESSMENT MODES : **FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT**

Purpose:

- ❖ Provides pupils continual feedback during the instructional and learning process to help pupils actively manage and adjust their own learning.
- ❖ Non-graded.
- ❖ Helps the pupils to answer these questions:
 - “Where am I going?”*
 - “Where am I now?”*
 - “How can I close the gap?”*

Through:

- ✓ **Teacher/ Self and peer assessment** on identified performance tasks using **rubric indicators**
- ✓ **Teacher’s feedback** on identified qualities of pupil’s learning on topical unit content page
- ✓ **Pupils’ self evaluation** of own learning for each topic
- ✓ **Pupils’ reflection** of own learning for each topic

Feedback from the Science Teacher:

ASSIGNMENT	Needs improvement	Sometimes	Most of the time
▪ Completed assignments and submitted on time.			
▪ Took initiative to clarify doubts by asking questions in class.			
▪ Able to provide scientific explanation by making an accurate and complete claim which is supported with appropriate and sufficient evidence ; provides accurate and complete reasoning that links evidence to claim which includes appropriate and sufficient scientific concepts/principles.			
▪ Made concerted effort to do timely corrections.			
▪ Updated the content page			
▪ Organised the complete set of unit worksheets for filing.			

Feedback on the pupil's performance.

After the completion of the topic:

Parent's Signature: _____

Date : _____



TIME FOR REFLECTION!

When you reflect, *spend time and think deep to make sense of what you have learnt, why you learnt, how you learnt, how you apply the knowledge and skills learnt in real life.*

Before the start of unit lesson .My reflection on learning:

- What do I already know about this topic?
- What are the questions that I have for this unit?
- What do I want to find out about this topic?



Assigned as homework before the introduction of the unit

Self-evaluation

How well have I understood the science ideas/concepts?

1- Science ideas I understood the least

4 - Science ideas I understood the most

No.	Science Ideas/ concepts	1	2	3	4
1	I know how to describe the process of photosynthesis.				
2	I know the main product and by-product of photosynthesis				
3	I know the factors affecting rate of photosynthesis.				
4	I know that living things need energy to carry out life processes.				
5	I know how energy is transferred from plants to other living things.				
6	I can <u>recognise</u> that energy from most of our energy resources is derived in some ways from the Sun				
7	I know how to investigate the requirements (water, light energy and carbon dioxide) for photosynthesis (production of sugar and oxygen) and communicate findings.				
8	I am able to <u>apply</u> 'CER' technique to craft my scientific explanation.				
9	I am able to <u>determine</u> the aim, hypothesis, IV and CVs in an investigative protocol.				



Provide opportunity for the pupil to take charge of her own learning.

My reflection on learning: After the unit lesson

- What are the scientific concept(s) that I have learnt in this topic?
- How can the scientific concept(s) that I have learnt in this topic be applied in daily life? Explain in detail with named examples.
- I used to think... but now I think...



Assigned as homework upon the completion of the unit : concept mapping



Rubrics related to the activity

Raffles Girls' Primary School

Science

Rubric: Designing a Scientific Experiment

Name: _____

Class: _____

Topic: _____

Date: _____

Assessment*
(*put a tick if criteria is observed)

	Performance Criteria	Self	Peer	Teacher
1	There is a testable question for the experiment			
2	Research (literature review) was done to learn more about the question.			
3	The design of the experiment tests the hypothesis.			
4.	A list of all necessary materials and apparatus was included.			
5	A detailed step-by-step procedure is included.			
6.	The procedures were written clearly enough so that another person could repeat the experiments			
7.	The procedures shows that repeated trials were done			
8.	Data were collected and recorded for each trial			
9.	An appropriate graph was created to display the data			
10	Conclusion were drawn using the data and refer back to the hypothesis			
11.	A 3 or more sentence was written explaining and describing what was discovered or learned			

Assessment Modes : Summative

Type	Weighted Assessment 1 (WA1)	Weighted Assessment 2 (WA2)	Preliminary Exam (Prelim Exam)
Format	Open-ended: 8 questions	MCQ: 20 questions	Section A (MCQ): 28 questions Section B (OE): 13 questions
Duration	50 min	30 min	1 h 45 min
Marks	30	40	100 (100% of Prelim Exam)
Overall Weightage	0%	0%	100%

P6 Science Teachers:

6AB - Ms Kandoth Shaheena

6C - Mrs Claire Tay

6D - Ms Santha Selva Raju

6E - Ms Kandoth Shaheena

6F - Mdm Aishah Aris

6G - Ms Ho Shwu Huey

6HI - Ms Santha Selva Raju

6AD - Mdm Aishah Aris

6EI - Mrs Claire Tay



Thank You

